



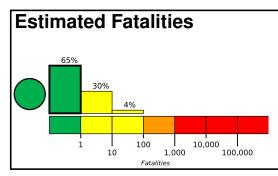


PAGER Version 3

Created: 1 hour, 5 minutes after earthquake

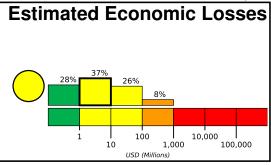
M 5.9, 13km SE of Guanica, Puerto Rico

Origin Time: 2020-01-11 12:54:45 UTC (Sat 08:54:45 local) Location: 17.8711° N 66.8286° W Depth: 10.0 km



Yellow alert for economic losses. Some damage is possible and the impact should be relatively localized. Estimated economic losses are less than 1% of GDP of Puerto Rico. Past events with this alert level have required a local or regional level response.

Green alert for shaking-related fatalities. There is a low likelihood of casualties.



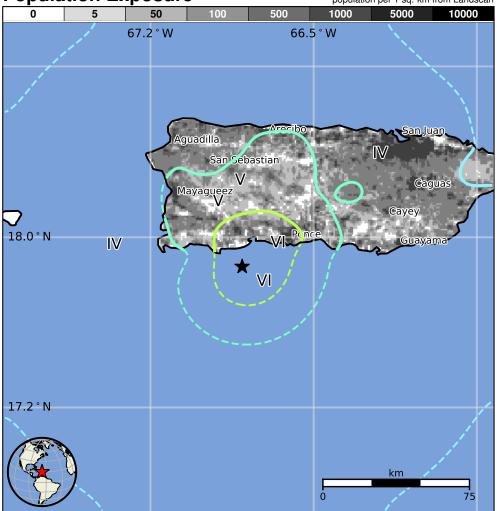
Estimated Population Exposed to Earthquake Shaking

ESTIMATED POPULATION EXPOSURE (k=x1000)		_*	31k*	2,392k	599k	221k	0	0	0	0
ESTIMATED MODIFIED MERCALLI INTENSITY		I	11-111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+
PERCEIVED	SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very Strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	Resistant Structures	None	None	None	V. Light	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy
	Vulnerable Structures	None	None	None	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy	V. Heavy

^{*}Estimated exposure only includes population within the map area.

Population Exposure

population per 1 sq. km from Landscan



Structures

Overall, the population in this region resides in structures that are resistant to earthquake shaking, though vulnerable structures exist. The predominant vulnerable building types are mud wall and informal (metal, timber, GI etc.) construction.

Historical Earthquakes

Date	Dist.	Mag.	Max	Shaking
(UTC)	(km)		MMI(#)	Deaths
1979-03-23	237	6.6	VI(605k)	0
1980-11-12	340	5.9	VII(87k)	_
1984-06-24	268	6.7	VII(326k)	5

Selected City Exposure

from GeoNames.org				
MMI	City	Population		
VI	Indios	2k		
VI	Tallaboa	1k		
VI	Magas Arriba	1k		
VI	Guayanilla	5k		
VI	Penuelas	7k		
VI	Palomas	2k		
VI	Ponce	153k		
IV	Caguas	87k		
IV	Carolina	170k		
IV	Bayamon	203k		
IV	San Juan	418k		

bold cities appear on map.

(k = x1000)

PAGER content is automatically generated, and only considers losses due to structural damage. Limitations of input data, shaking estimates, and loss models may add uncertainty.